TG=164SD

AEP Model



AC-20 (supplied accessory)



* 'Dolby' and the double-D symbol are the trade marks of Dolby Laboratory Inc. Noise reduction system manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratory Inc. *0 dB = 0.775 V

STEREO CASSETTE-CORDER

DOLBY NR OFF

SPECIFICATIONS

TC-164SD

AC 220 V, 50/60 Hz with the Sony AC Power Requirements:

Power Adaptor AC-20 (supplied)

8 batteries size D (IEC designation R20) 12 V car battery with the Sony Car Battery Cord DCC-129 (optional)

Fast Forward and

Rewind Time: Approx. 70 sec. (C-60)

> 100 x 50 mm Speaker:

(4 x 2 inches)

Power Output: 500 mW

Battery Life: Approx. 20 hours of continuous recording

with Sony Long-life Batteries

Bias Frequency: 105 kHz

Signal/Noise Ratio: DOLBY NR OFF

> • With Ferri-Chrome Cassette 61 dB at peak level (NAB) 59 dB (DIN, 1975 rev.)

• With chromium dioxide cassette

DOLBY NR ON

Improved by 5 dB at 1 kHz, 10 dB

above 5 kHz

Total Harmonic Distortion:

51 dB (DIN, old)

57 dB at peak level (NAB)

Frequency Response:

Wow and Flutter: 0.065 % WRMS (NAB)

±0.16% (DIN)

MIC (phone jacks). Inputs:

sensitivity 0.2 mV (-72 dB) for a low-impedance microphone

• With Ferri-Chrome Cassette and chromium dioxide cassette 20 – 20,000 Hz (NAB) 30 – 17,000 Hz ±3dB (NAB)

30 - 17,000 Hz (DIN)

20 - 16,000 Hz (NAB)

30 - 13,000 Hz (DIN)

With regular cassette

LINE IN (phono jacks)... sensitivity $0.06 \, \text{V} \, (-22 \, \text{dB})$

input impedance 100 k ohms

impedance 100 k ohms

suitable load impedance more than

HEADPHONES suitable load impedance 8 - 32 ohms

Dimensions: Approx. 370 (w) x 110 (h) x 240 (d) mm $14\frac{5}{8}$ (w) x $4\frac{3}{8}$ (h) x $9\frac{1}{2}$ (d) inches

Including projecting parts and controls

Weight: Approx. 5.2 kg, 11 lb 8 oz (with batteries)

- Continued on page 2 -



SAFETY-RELATED COMPONENT WARNING!!

COMPONENTS IDENTIFIED BY SHADING ON THE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS AND IN THE PARTS LIST ARE CRITICAL TO SAFE OPERATION. REPLACE THESE COMPONENTS WITH SONY PARTS WHOSE PART NUMBERS APPEAR AS SHOWN IN THIS MANUAL OR IN SUPPLEMENTS PUBLISHED BY SONY.

TC-1645D

AC-20 (supplied accessory)

Input Voltage: AC 220 V, 50/60 Hz

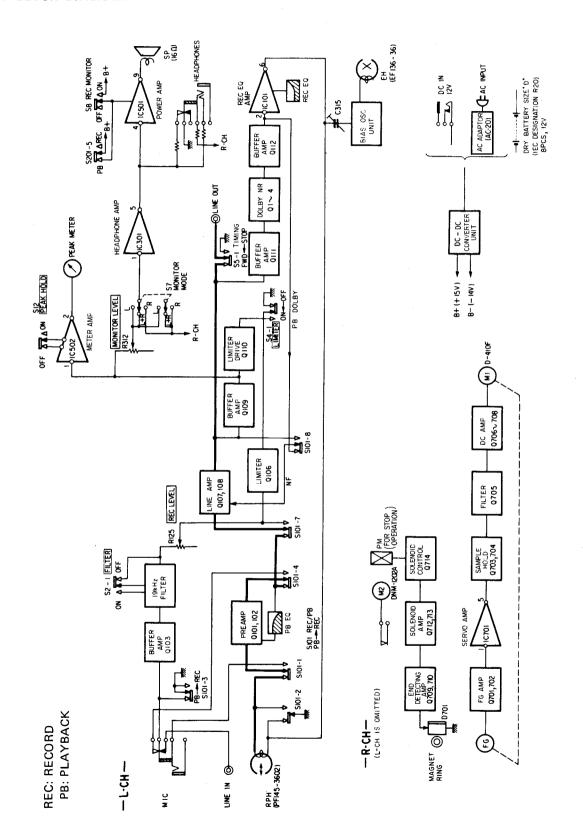
Output Voltage: DC 12 V

Output Current: DC 250 mA (nominal)

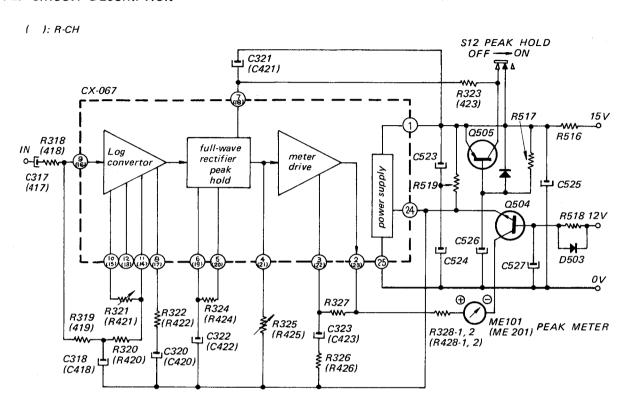
Power Consumption: 18 VA

SECTION 1 OUTLINE

1-1. BLOCK DIAGRAM



1-2. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION



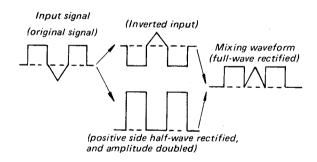
The CX-067 has four functions as a Log convertor circuit, a full-wave rectifier circuit, a peak hold circuit and a meter drive circuit, for both channels. A power supply circuit is also included in order to provide the power required in the IC, thus operating of a single power supply.

1. Log convertor circuit

A diode is inserted in the NFB circuit of the OP amplifier, for Log convertion of the input signals. R321 (421) adjusts the amount of NFB to change Log characteristics.

2. Full-wave rectifier circuit

Full-wave rectification is required in order to detect both positive and negative peaks of the signal. In the CX-067, the positive side signal is half-wave rectified, and then full-wave rectified by mixing the original signal with the half-wave rectified signal whose amplitude has been doubled. Peak values are then compared with this, and indicated on the meter.

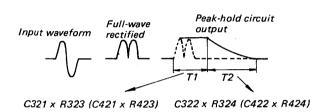


However, if the meter needle was driven only by these full-wave rectified signals, the needle would return too rapidly, making it difficult to read. This problem is overcome by incorporating peak-hold circuits where the activation is extremely rapid, but the decay quite slow.

3. Peak-hold circuit

The full-wave rectified signal is charged up on C322 (422) connected to terminal 6 (19). The charge-up amplifier uses the same amplifier used for full-wave rectification. The voltage on C322 (422) is negatively fed back to the full-wave rectifier through R324 (424) in proportion to its voltage.

Theoretically, it would be possible to remain in hold forever, if R324 (424) was not included. C322 (422) charges up in $80 \,\mu sec$ which is extremely fast, too fast for the meter needle to respond to, so the peak values are held only for the time proportional to the terminal 7 (18) time constant (C321 (421) x R323 (423)) until the meter can respond. It is then discharged from terminal 6 (19) to terminal 5 (20) via R324 (424). (That is, recovery time is varied by the resistance of R324 (424)).



Peak hold ON/OFF may be performed by either of two ways.

- 1. T1 set to infinity by disconnecting R323 (423).
- 2. T2 set to infinity by disconnecting R324 (424).

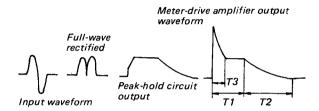
Since C322 (422) charge-up route is not involved in either method, the peak hold circuit may be switched ON. The TC-164SD employs method 1.

4. Meter-drive circuit

Meter-drive amplifier input is varied by R325 (R425) at IC terminal 4 (21), thus adjusting sensitivity of meter current.

Meter drive is not the only purpose of this amplifier. It is also capable of meter over-drive (kick) due to the (input level) + (input level differential) value produced by the CR connected in series to terminal 3 (22).

C323 (423) and R326 (426) form the required differential time constant (T3). Thus previous level meters with poor response characteristics, can now be used as peak meters.



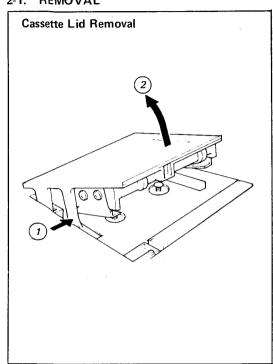
5. Meter-muting circuit

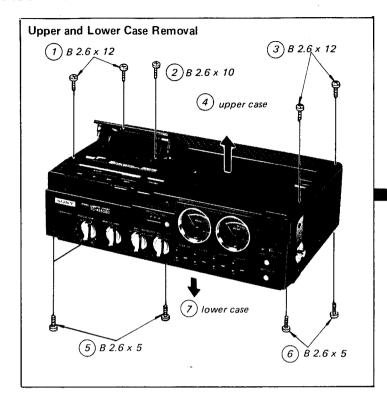
Muting of the peak-hold circuit is accomplished by Q505, and muting of the meter-drive amplifier output by Q504.

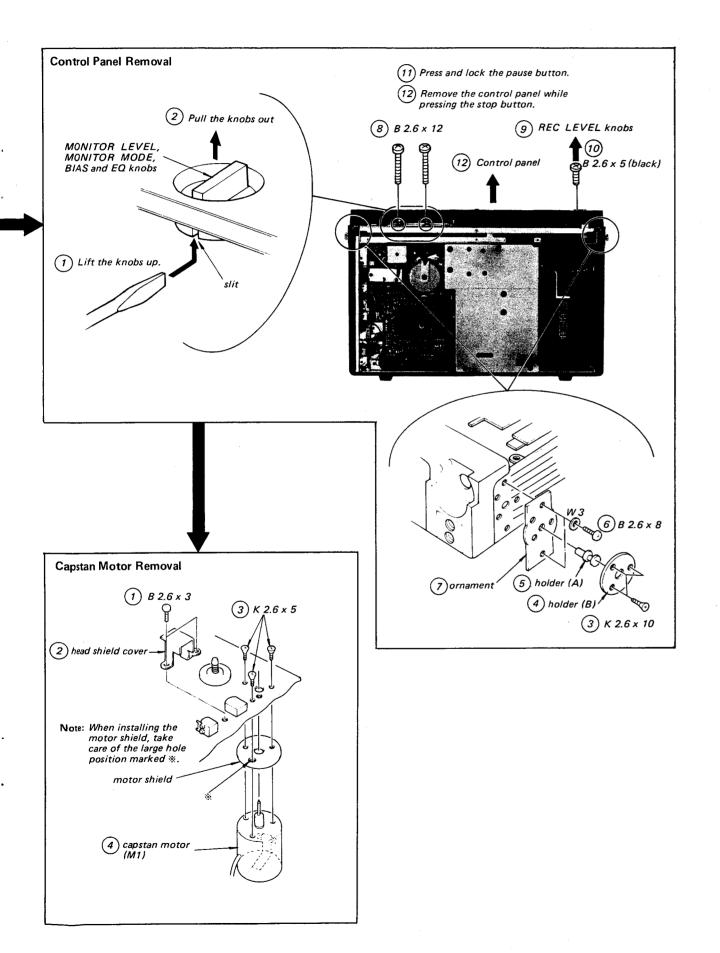
- 1 Q505 (PNP transistor employed) prevents T1 from becoming infinity since this transistor is always ON when the power supply is switched ON, irrespective of whether S12 is ON or OFF.
- 2 Since Q504 is in series with the meter, it remains OFF for about 2 sec. after the power supply is switched ON (as determined by time constant of the base circuit), in which time the power supply inside the IC is stabilized.

SECTION 2 DISASSEMBLY

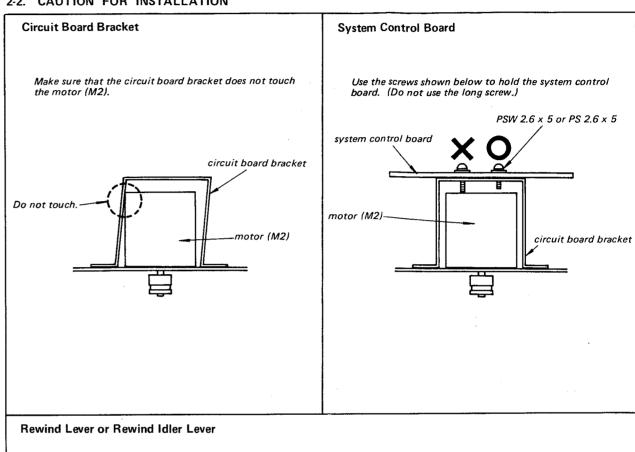
2-1. REMOVAL

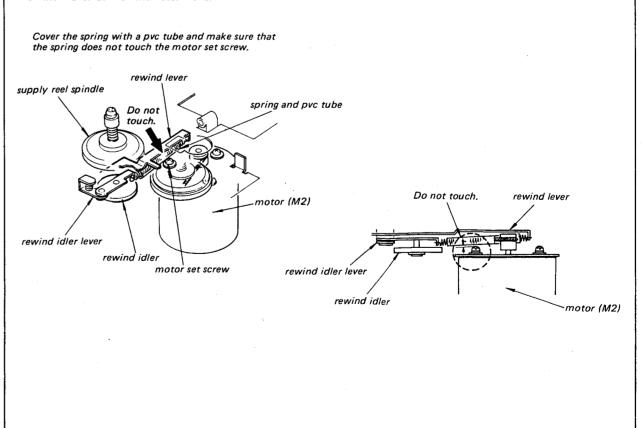






2-2. CAUTION FOR INSTALLATION





SECTION 3

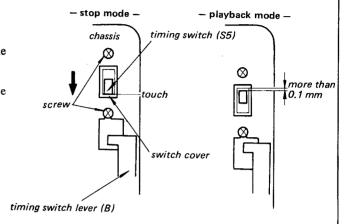
ADJUSTMENTS

PRECAUTION

- 1. Clean the following parts with a denatured-alcoholmoistened swab:
 - record/playback head pinch roller erase head rubber belts capstan idlers
- 2. Demagnetize the record/playback head with a head demagnetizer.
- 3. Do not use a magnetized screwdriver for the adjustments.
- 4. After the adjustments, apply a suitable locking compound to the parts adjusted.
- 5. The adjustments should be performed with the rated power supply voltage unless otherwise noted.
- 6. When adjusting the set with the bottom case removed, take care of the motor thrust screw.

Timing Switch (S5) Adjustment

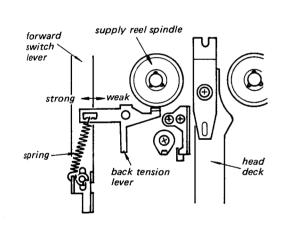
- Stop mode -
- 1. In stop mode, loosen the screws and position the switch to touch the switch cover.
- 2. In playback mode, make sure that the clearance is more than 0.1 mm as shown right.



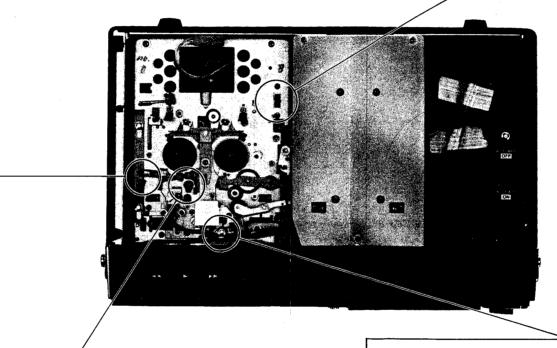
3-1. MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENT

Forward Back Tension Toruque Adjustment — playback mode —

Torque Meter	Meter Reading
CQ-102A	2 - 4 g·cm (0.03 - 0.05 oz·inch)



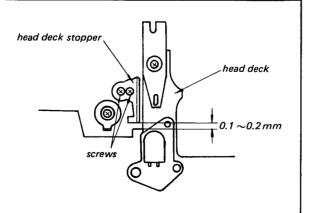
If necessary, change the spring hooking position.



Head Deck Stopper Position Adjustment — playback mode —

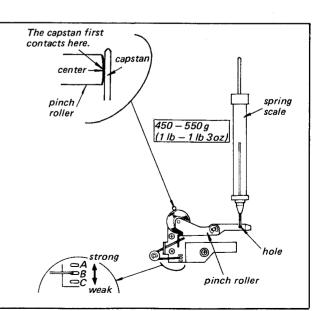
Loosen the screws and position the head deck stopper for the specified clearance.

Note: Make sure that the head deck stopper is parallel with



Pinch Roller Pressure Adjustment

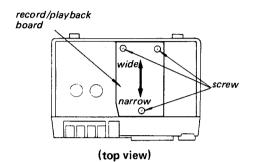
- playback mode -
- 1. Pull the spring scale.
- 2. Slowly return the pinch roller and read the spring scale just when the pinch roller starts to rotate.
- 3. If necessary, change the spring hooking position.

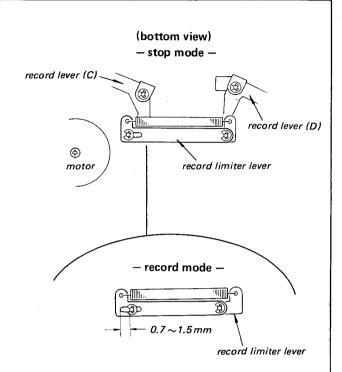


Record Limiter Lever Adjustment

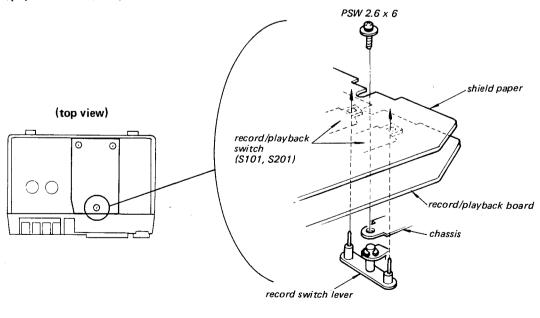
When pressing the record button, make sure that the clearance is as specified.

If necessary, loosen the screws and change the record/playback board position.





Note: When installing the record/playback board, make sure that the record switch lever pins are inserted into the holes of the record/playback switch (S101, 201) slides.

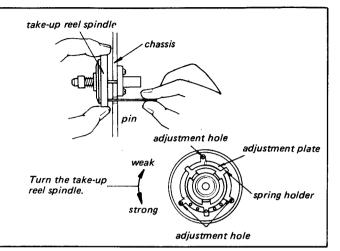


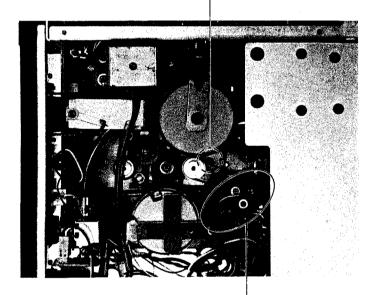
Forward Torque Adjustment – playback mode –

Torque meter	Meter reading
CQ-102A	35 - 55g·cm (0.49 - 0.76 oz·inch)

If necessary, put a pin into the adjustment hole and turn the take-up reel spindle as shown right.

Note: When adjusting the set with bottom case removed, take care of the motor thrust screw.





Reference Data

Fast forward Torque: 75 - 130 g·cm

 $(1.05 - 1.8 \text{ oz} \cdot \text{inch})$

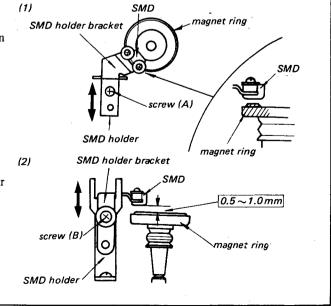
Rewind Torque: 75 − 130 g·cm

 $(1.05 - 1.8 \text{ oz} \cdot \text{inch})$

SMD (D701) Position Adjustment

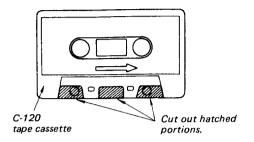
1. Loosen the screw (A) and position the SMD on the magnet ring as shown right.

2. Loosen the screw (B) and position the SMD for the specified clearance as shown right.

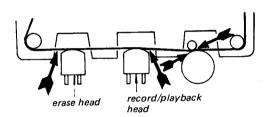


Record/playback and Erase Heads Height Adjustment

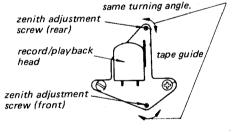
- Playback Mode -
- 1. Prepare an adjustment cassette as shown below.

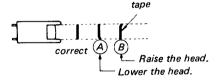


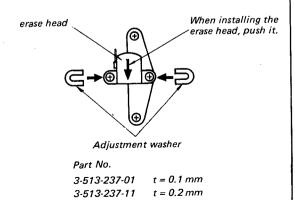
2. In playback mode and viewing from the top, adjust the head heights to eliminate tape curl and tape twist at arrowed portions.



Turn the zenith adjustment screws in the same direction and at the







3-2. ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS

Note: The adjustment should be performed in the order given in this service manual.

> The adjustments should be performed for both L-CH and R-CH.

Switches and controls should be set as follows unless otherwise specified.

MIC ATT switch:

0 dB

LIMITER switch:

OFF

FILTER switch:

OFF

DOLBY NR switch:

OFF

EO switch: BIAS switch: NORMAL NORMAL

MONITOR MODE switch:

L + R

REC MONITOR switch:

OFF

SPEED TUNING switch:

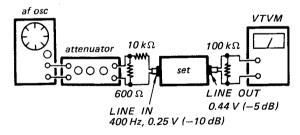
OFF

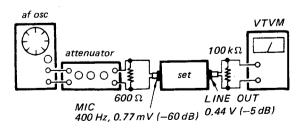
BIAS and EQ switch settings in accordance with tape used are as follows.

Test Tape	EQ switch	BIAS switch	
CS-10	NORMAL	NORAML	
CS-20	CrO2	HIGH	
CS-30	Fe-Cr	NORMAL	

Standard Record.

Set the REC LEVEL control for the specified output

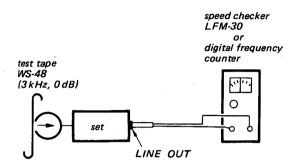




Tape Speed Adjustment

Procedure:

Mode: playback

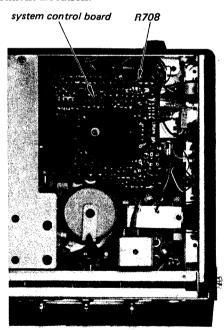


Specification:

Speed Checker	Digital Frequency Counter
±0.7%	2,980~3,020 Hz

Frequency difference between beginning and end of tape should be within 1 % (30 Hz).

Adjustment Location:



Reference Data:

SPEED TUNING switch: ON

SPEED TUNING knob

fully clockwise:

more than 3,195 Hz (+€... %)

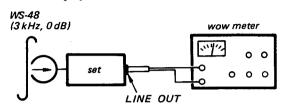
SPEED TUNING knob

fully counterclockwise: less than 2,835 Hz (-5.5%)

Wow and Flutter Adjustment

Procedure:

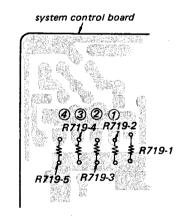
1. Mode: playback



2. Adjust the pattern connection for a minimum reading on the wow meter.

> When the minimum reading on the wow meter is not changed by adding the pattern connections, add no more pattern connection.

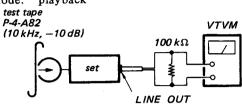
Adjustment Location:



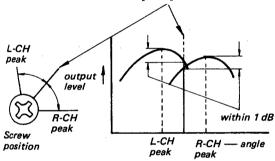
Record/playback Head Azimuth Adjustment

Procedure:

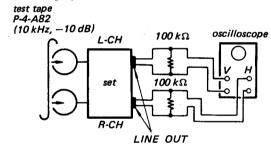
1. Mode: playback

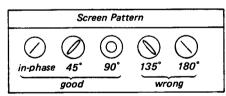


2. Turn the adjustment screw for the maximum level and set it to the mechanical mid position between L-CH and R-CH peak positions.

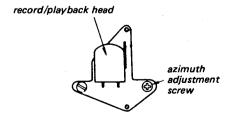


3. Mode: playback





Adjustment Location:



Battery Meter Calibration

Setting:

Power Supply Voltage:

BATT CHECK switch:

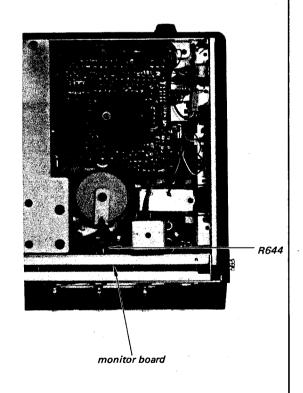
8.7 V dc ON (Press.)

Mode:

playback

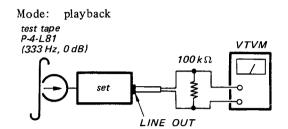
Adjustment Location and Specification:

Adjust	Meter Indication
R644	(R-CH)



Playback Level Adjustment

Procedure:

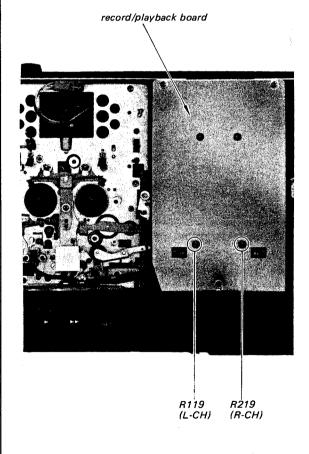


Specification:

LINE OUT Level: $0.53 V - 0.6 V (-3 dB \pm 0.5 dB)$

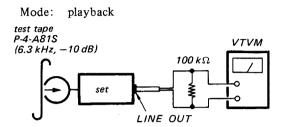
Check that LINE OUT level does not change in playback mode while changing the mode from playback to stop several times.

Adjustment Location:



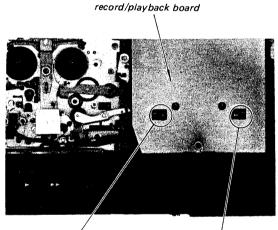
Playback Equalizer Adjustment

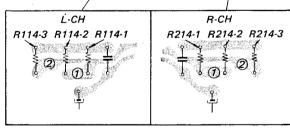
Procedure:



Adjust the pattern connection for $0.13\,V - 0.18\,V$ (-14 dB \pm 1.5 dB) reading on VTVM.

Adjustment Location:

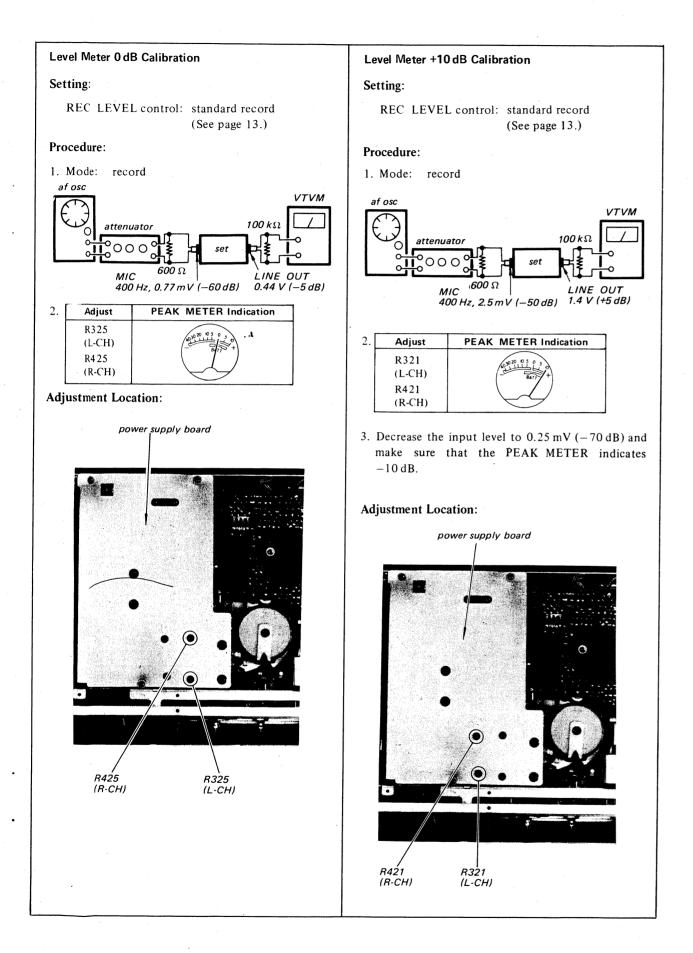


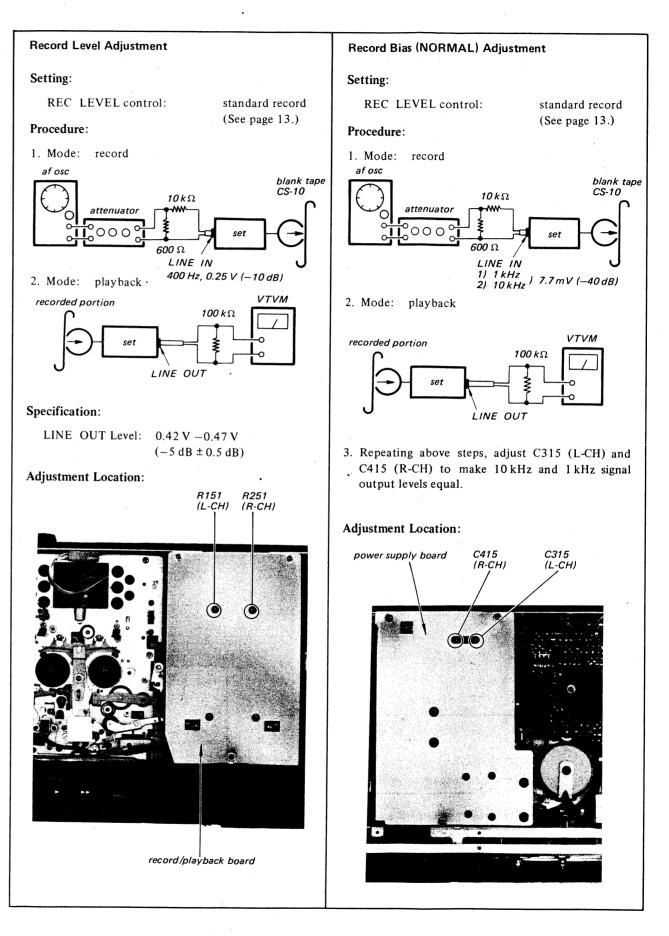


Pattern Connection	6.3 kHz VTVM reading
(1)	up
<u> </u>	Ì
(1) and (2)	down

Reference Data:

EQ switch: FeCr or CrO2 6.3 kHz VTVM reading: $75 \text{ mV} - 115 \text{ mV} (-18.5 \text{ dB} \pm 2 \text{ dB})$





Record B

Setting:

BIAS:

EQ sw

REC.

Procedure

1. Mode:

2. Mode:

recorded ,

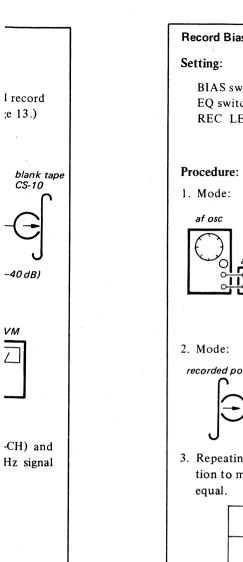
3. Repeat

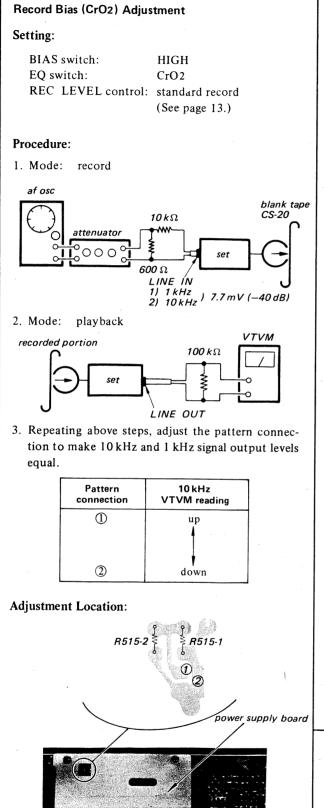
Adjustme

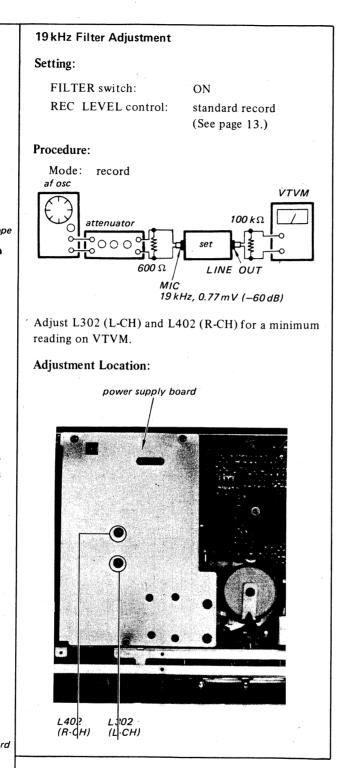
tion to

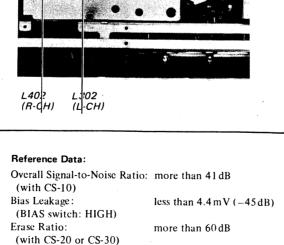
equal.

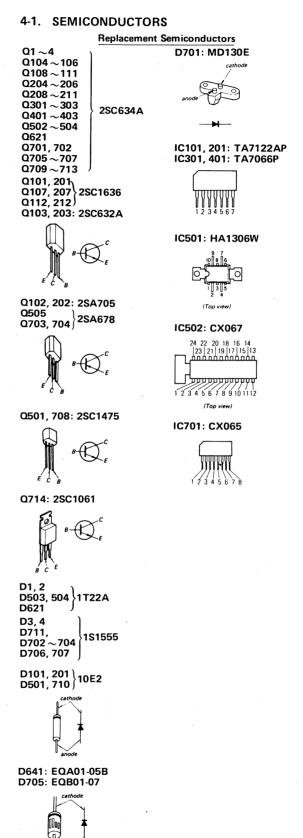
SECTION 4 DIAGRAMS

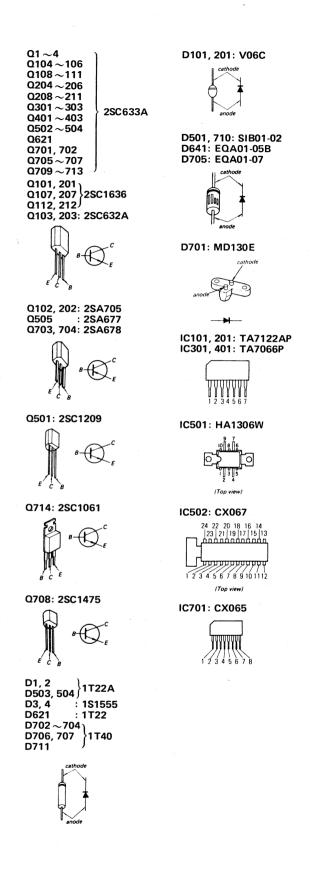




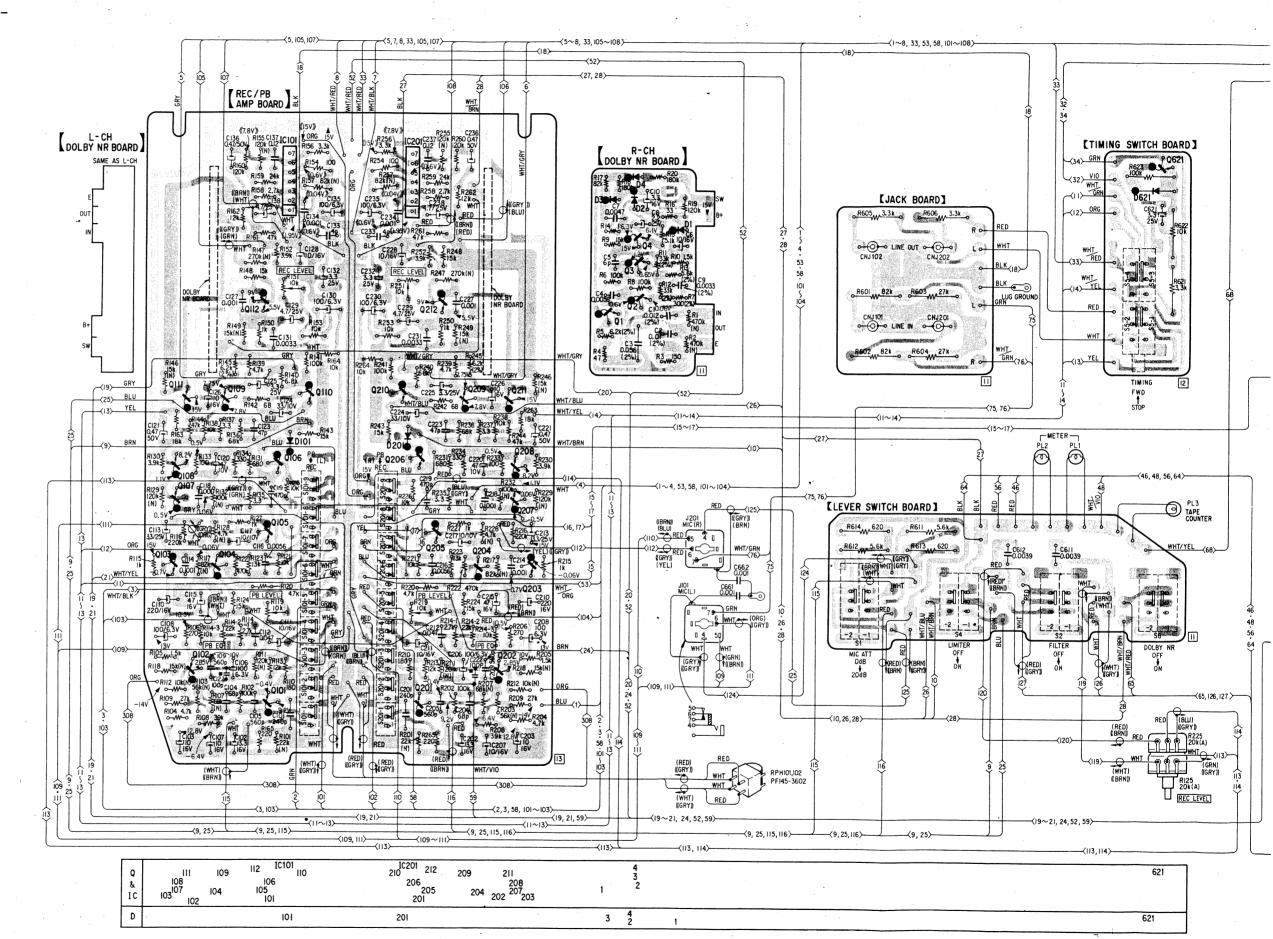








4-2. MOUNTING DIAGRAMS - Conductor Side -

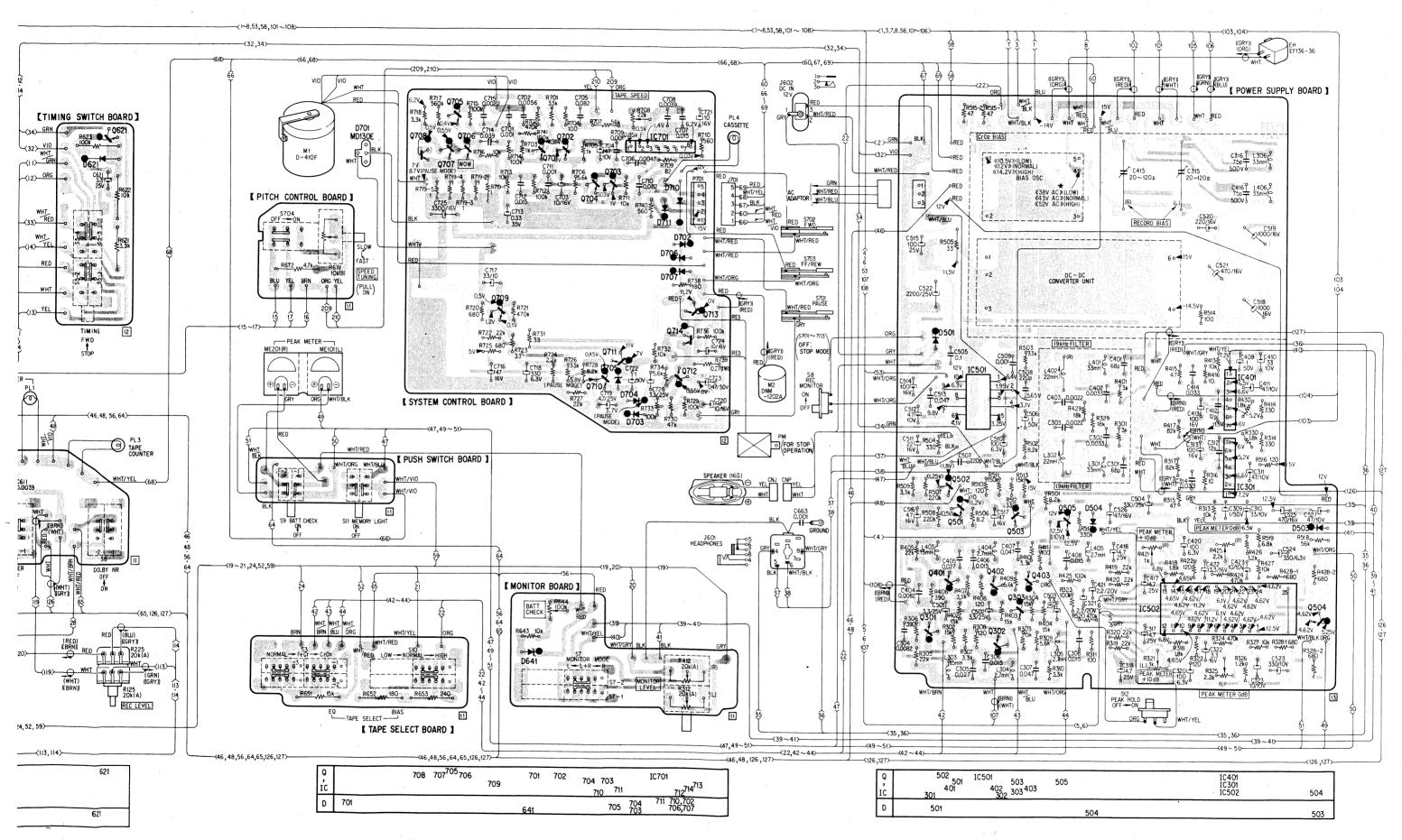


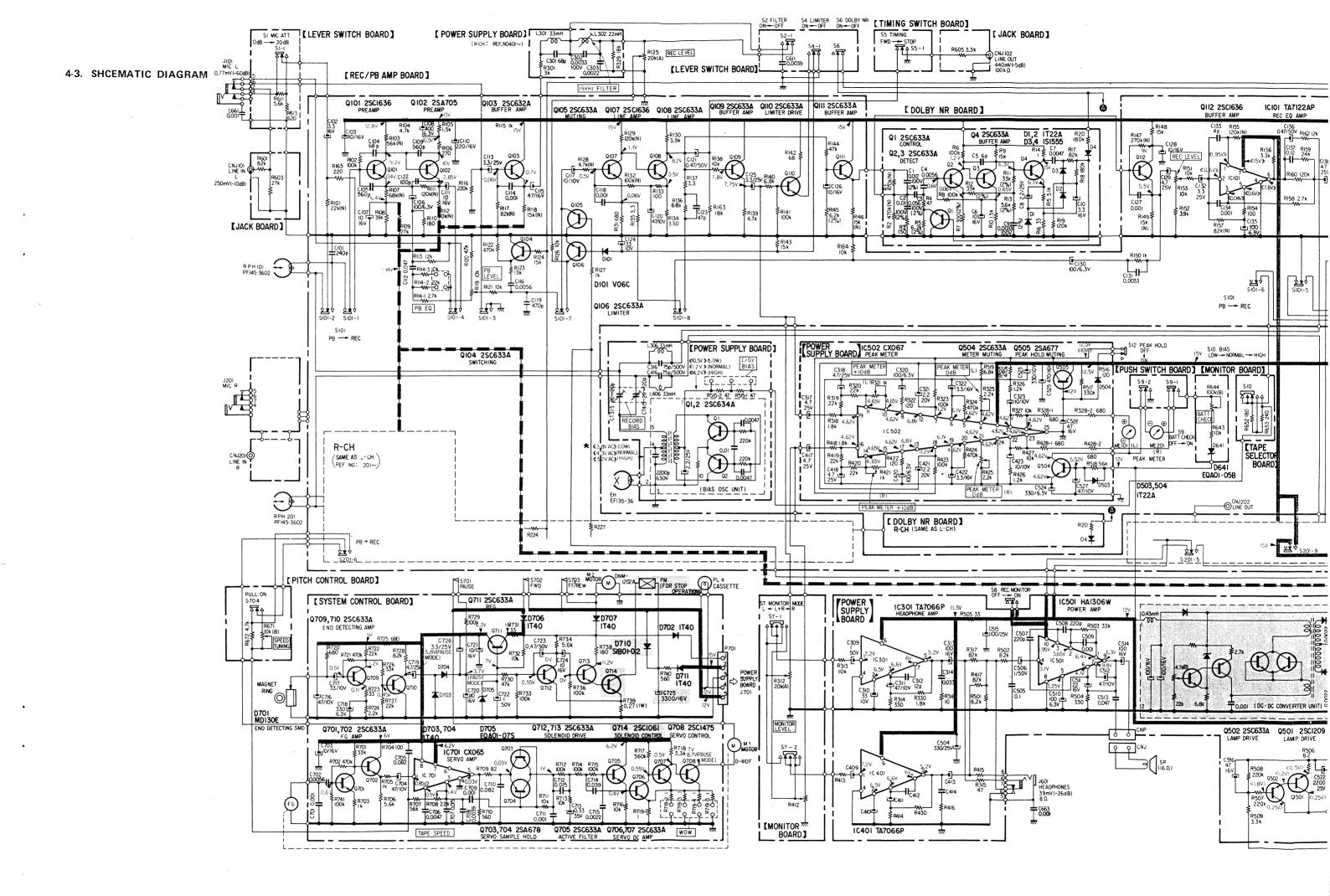


• Color code of sleeving over the end of the jacket.



- o-: parts extracted from the component side.
- • parts extracted from the conductor side.
- : part mounted on the conductor side
- R+ natter
- : B— pattern





N

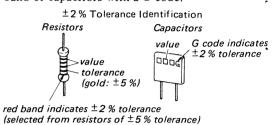
- All capacitors are in μ F unless otherwise noted. pF = $\mu\mu$ F 50 WV or less does not indicated except for electrolytics.
- All resistors are in ohms, ¼W unless otherwise noted.
- All adjustable resistors have characteristic curve B, unless otherwise noted.
- (N): low-noise capacitor and resistor.

 $k\Omega = 1000 \Omega$; $M\Omega = 1000 k\Omega$

• 2% indicates component tolerance.

CAUTION

When replacing resistors and capacitors with a $\pm 2\%$ tolerance, use resistors with a red tolerance band or capacitors with a G code.



• B+ bus.

■■: B— bus.

• [: panel designation.

• _____: adjustment for repair.

• 7/// : chassis ground.

- Voltages are dc with respect to ground unless otherwise noted.
- Readings are taken under no-signal conditions with a VOM (20 k Ω /V).

 \ll \gg : RECORD

< >: MEMORY LIGHT (S11) ON

(()): PEAK HOLD (S12) ON

no mark: common

- AC voltage readings indicated by ★in the bias oscillator circuit are taken with a VTVM.
- Voltage variations may be noted due to normal production tolerances.

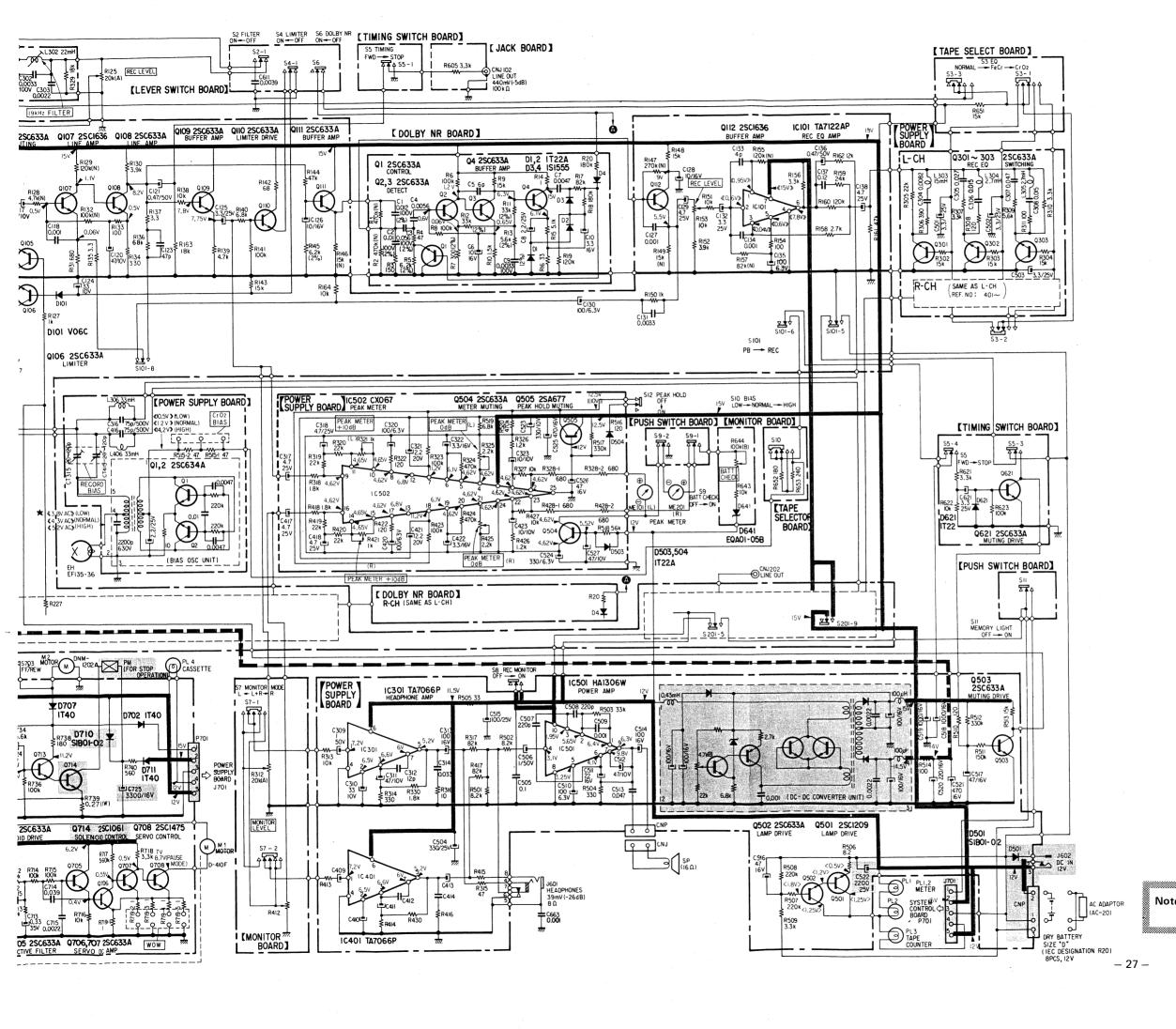
• REC: RECORD PB: PLAYBACK

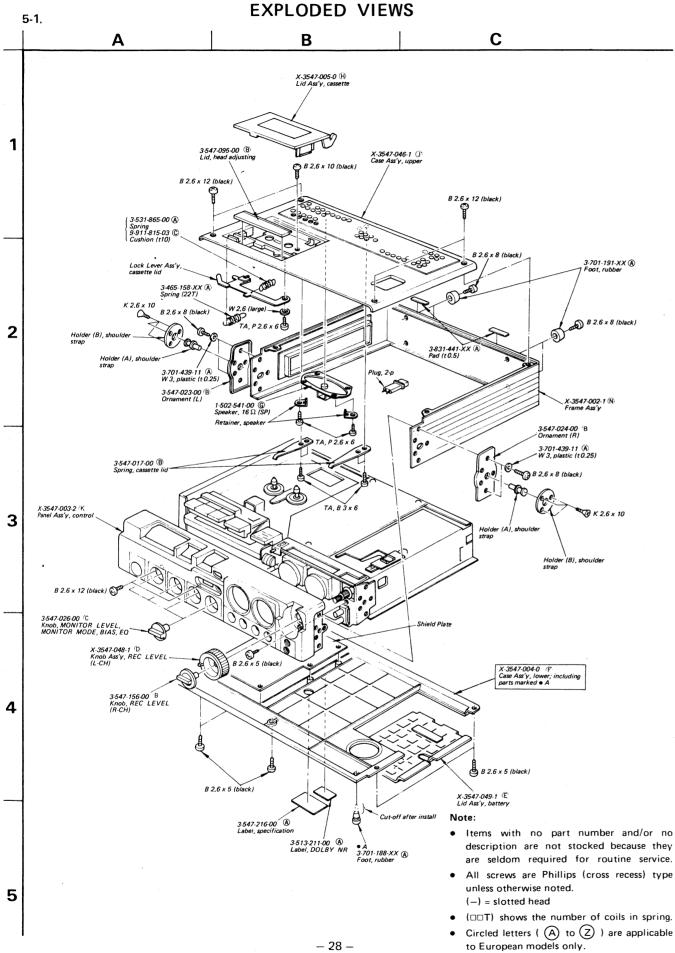
FWD: FORWARD FF: FAST FORWARD

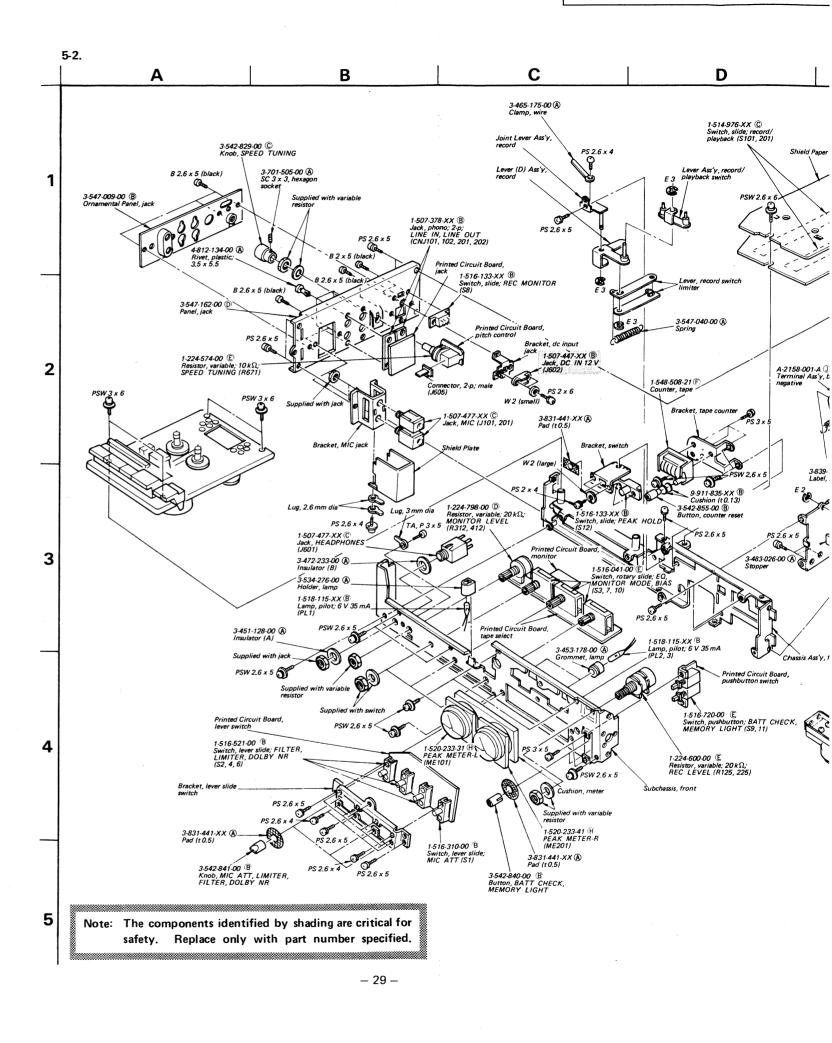
REW: REWIND

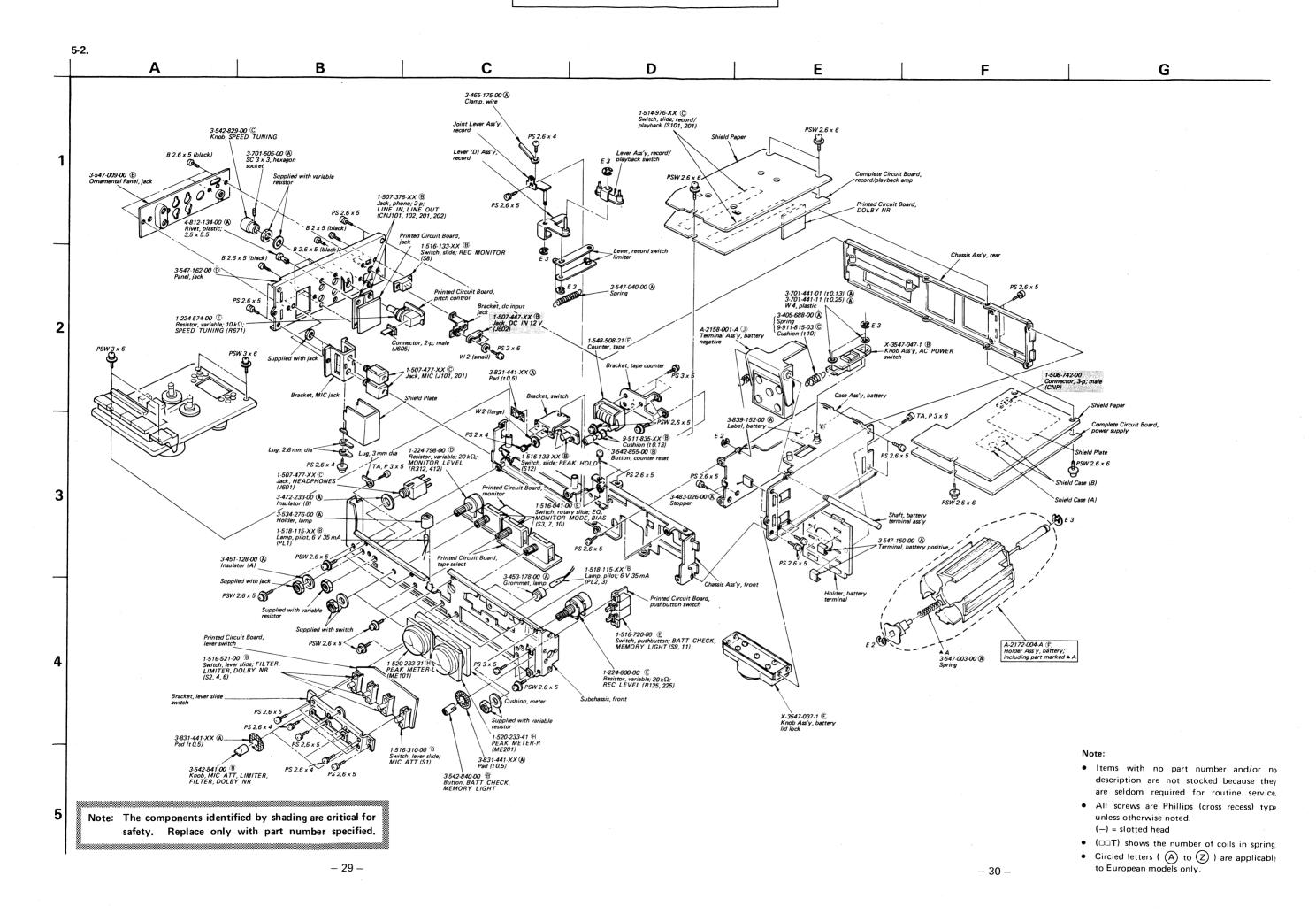
Switch

Ref. No.	Switch	Position
S1	MIC ATT	0 dB
S2	FILTER	OFF
S3	EQ	NORMAL
S4	LIMITER	OFF
S5	TIMING	FORWARD
S6	DOLBY NR	OFF
S7	MONITOR MODE	L+R
S8	REC MONITOR	OFF
S9	BATT CHECK	OFF
S10	BIAS	LOW
S11	MEMORY LIGHT	OFF •
S12	REAK HOLD	OFF
S101, 201	REC/PB	PB
S701	PAUSE	OFF
S702	FWD	ON 1
S703	FF/REW	OFF
S704	SPEED TUNING	OFF









or no

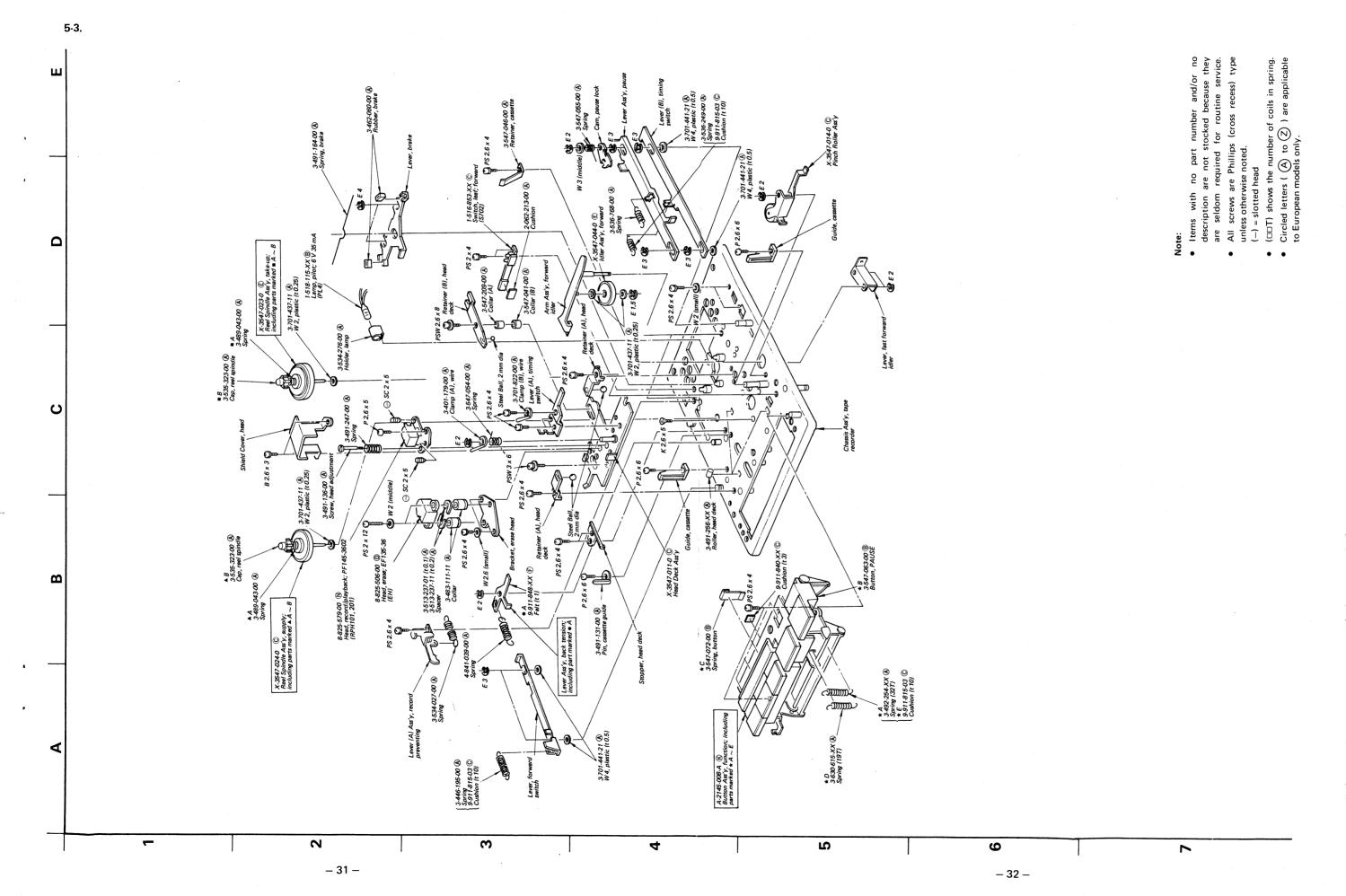
: they

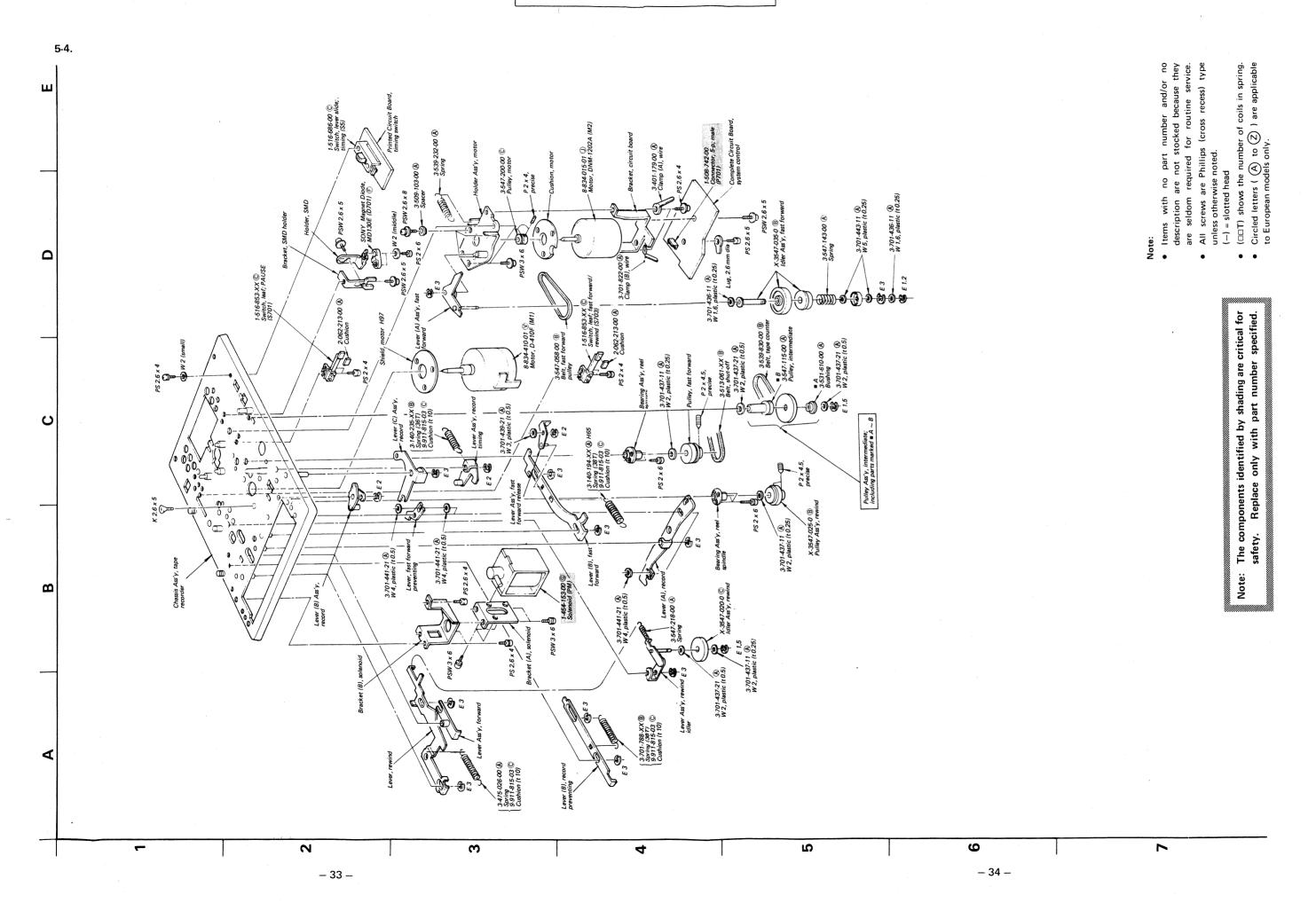
ervice.

pring.

licable

type





SECTION 6

ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Note: Circled letters (A to Z) are applicable to European models only.

Note: Circled letters (A to Z) are applicable to European models only.

ceramic film mylar mylar mylar

mylar mylar mylar

ceramic

mylar silvered mica

tantalum tantalum tantalum

mylar

ceramic

mylar

mylar

	Ref. No.	Part No. Description	Ref. No. Part No. Description	Ref. No.	Part No. Descri	iption		Ref. No.	Part No.	Descr	ription	
		SEMICONDUCTORS	Diodes	C101, 201	1-102-979-11 (A) 240 p				1 101 000 1	. 0.49		
				C101, 201	1-131-197-11 (B)3.3	16 37	ceramic	C301, 401				. (
		Transistors	D1, 2 (B)1T22A			16 V	tantalum	C302, 402		\sim		f
			D3, 4 (B)1S1555	C103, 203	1-131-199-11 (A) 10	16 V	tantalum	C303, 403	1-106-009-1			1
4	⇒ Q1 ~4	(B)2SC634A	(B)131333	C104, 204	1-101-888-11 (A) 68 p		ceramic	C304, 404	1-108-577-1			1
	Q101, 201	(B)2SC1636	- D101 201	C105, 205	1-102-115-11 (A) 560 p		ceramic	C305, 405	1-108-589-1	(A) 0.027		ſ
	Q102, 202	(B)2SA705	⇒ D101, 201 B10E2									
d	Q102, 202 Q103, 203	¥		C106, 206	1-121-413-11 (A) 100	6.3 V		C306, 406	1-106-029-12	2 (A) 0.015		,
		B 2SC632A	⇒ D501 (B)10E2	C107, 207	1-131-199-11 (C)10	16 V	tantalum	C307, 407	1-106-041-11			1
	\Rightarrow Q104 \sim 106	(B)2SC634A	D503, 504 B)1T22A	C108, 208	1-131-413-11 (B)100	6.3 V	tantalum	C308, 408	1-106-029-11	\sim		1
	\Rightarrow Q204 \sim 206	O		C109, 209	1-102-115-11 (A)560 p		ceramic	C309, 409	1-121-391-11	\sim	50 V	•
			⇒ D621 B)1T22A	C110, 210	1-121-421-11 (B)220	16 V		I	1-121-402-11		10 V	
	Q107, 207	B 2SC1636	D641 (B)EQA01-05B		\circ			6510, 110	1 121 402 11	(A) 33	10 •	
	\Rightarrow Q108 \sim 111	(B)2SC634A		C111, 211	1-121-471-11 (A) 10	16 V		⇒ C311, 411	1 1 21 400 11	1 (1)	16 V	
	\Rightarrow Q208 \sim 211'	(b)23C034A	D701 (F)MD130E	C112, 212	1-106-041-12 (B)0.047		mylar	I	1-121-409-11	\sim	10 V	
	Q112, 212	B 2SC1636	⇒ D702 ~ 704 (B) 1S1555	C113, 213	1-121-392-11 (A)3.3	25 V	iiiy iai					C
			⇒ D705 (B)EQB01-07	C114, 214	1-106-058-12 (A)0.001		1	i .	1-121-415-11	\sim	16 V	
	\Rightarrow Q301 \sim 303	(Dagge 24.)	⇒ D706, 707 (B)1S1555	C115, 215			mylar		1-106-037-11			T
	\Rightarrow Q401. \sim 403	B 2SC 634A	⇒D710 (B)10E2	C113, 213	1-121-409-11 A 47	16 V		C316, 416	1-107-167-11	(A) 75 p	500 V	S
			⇒ D711 (B)1S1555	6117 317								
	⇒ Q501	(C)2SC1475	(b)131333	C116, 216	1-105-510-12 (A) 0.0056		mylar	C317, 417	1-121-395-11	(A) 4.7	25 V	
	\Rightarrow Q502 \sim 504	(B)2SC634A		C117, 217	1-131-193-11 (B)10	10 V	tantalum	C318, 418	1 121 373 11	(1) 4.7	23 🔻	
	⇒ Q505	(C)2SA678	COILS	C118, 218	1-106-058-12 (A) 0.001		mylar	C320, 420	1-121-413-11	(A) 100	6.3 V	
	. 4505	C)23/10/10	1301 401 1 407 070 00 (2)	C119, 219	1-102-824-11 (A)470 p		ceramic	C321, 421	1-131-196-11	B) 2.2	20 V	t
	⇒Q621	(B)2SC634A	L301, 401 1-407-879-00 B) 33 mH, microinductor	⇒ C120, 220	1-121-409-11 (A) 47	16 V		C322, 422	1-131-197-11	(B)3.3	16 V	t
	→ Q021	(B)23C634A	L302, 402 1-407-240-00 B)22 mH, variable inductor					C323, 423	1-131-193-11	(B)10	10 V	t
	. 0701 703	(D)200(24)	L303, 403 1-407-208-XX (A) 15 mH, microinductor	C121, 221	1-121-726-11 (A) 0.47	50 V				0		
	⇒ Q701, 702	(B)2SC634A	L304, 404 L305, 405) 1-407-195-XX (A)2.7 mH, microinductor	C122, 222	1-102-973-11 (A) 100 p		ceramic	C501~503	1-121-392-11	(A) 3 3	25 V	
	Q703, 704	©2SA678	1303, 403	C123, 223	1-101-880-11 (A)47 p		ceramic	C504	1-121-654-11		25 V	
	\Rightarrow Q705 \sim 707	(B)2SC634A	L306, 406 1-407-212-XX (A) 33 mH, microinductor	C124, 224	1-121-402-11 (A) 33	10 V		C505	1-106-106-11	\sim	25 🔻	n
	Q708	(B)2SC1475		C125, 225	1-121-392-11 (A) 3.3	25 V		C506	1-121-391-11		50 V	11
	⇒ Q709 ~713	B2SC634A	CAPACITORS					C507, 508		\sim	30 v	
	Q714	(D)2SC1061		C126, 226	1-121-471-11 (A)10	16 V		C307, 308	1-102-110-11	(A) 220 p		С
			All capacitors are in μ F and electrolytic unless otherwise noted.	C127, 227	1-106-058-12 (A) 0.001		mular	0500		() a a a a		
		ICs	50 WV or less are not indicated except for electrolytics.	C128, 228	1-121-471-11 (A) 10		mylar	C509	1-106-058-11	\sim		n
			$pF = \mu\mu F$	C128, 228	1-121-395-11 (A) 4.7	16 V		C510	1-121-413-11		6.3 V	
	IC101, 201	(C)TA7122AP				25 V		C511	1-121-479-11		16 V	
			C1 1-129-896-11 B 0.012 ±2% 100 V film	(130, 230	1-121-413-11 (A) 100	6.3 V		⇒ C512	1-121-409-11		16 V	
	IC301	(D) TA 7066P	C2 1-129-701-11 (B) $0.012 \pm 2\%$ 100 V film					C513	1-106-041-11	B)0.047		n
		© 111 to 31	\times		1-106-013-12 A 0.0033		mylar			_		
	IC401	(D)TA7066P				25 V		C514	1-121-415-11	(A) 100	16 V	
	10 401	(D)1A70001	C4 1-108-573-12 (A) 0.0056 mylar		1-102-941-11 (A)4 p		ceramic	C515	1-121-416-11	$(A)_{100}$	25 V	
	IC501	WHAT 20CW	C5 1-107-103-11 (A) 6 p silvered mica		1-106-058-12 A)0.001	1	mylar	C516, 517	1-121-409-11	(A)47	16 V	
4	IC501	HHA1306W		C135, 235	1-121-413-11 A 100	6.3 V		1	1-121-186-11			
	IC502	(K)CX067	C6 1-121-471-11 (A) 10 16 V		Ŭ			C520	1-121-421-11		16 V	
	105		C7 1-108-234-12 (A) 0.0047 mylar	C136, 236	1-121-726-11 (A)0.47	50 V			· · ·	<u> </u>	10 •	
•	IC701	①CX065	C8 1-131-205-11 B 2.2 25 V tantalum		1-106-108-11 (B)0.12		mylar	C521	1-121-426-11	(R)470	16 V	
			C9 1-129-794-21 B 0.0033 ±2% 100 V film		$\overline{}$	25 V		C522	1-121-420-11			
			C10 1-131-197-11 (B) 3.3 16 V tantalum	, , , ,		J- '		C522	1-121-805-11			
								1 (323	1-121-003-11	D) 33()	10 V	

^{⇒:} Due to replacement parts, the descriptions are different from the schematic diagram.

Note: The components identified by shading are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

^{⇒:} Due to replacement parts, the values are different from the diagrams.

1-464-059-00 ① Unit, bias osc 1-464-060-00 ① Unit, dc-dc converter

Note: Circled letters (A to Z) are applicable to European models only.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Descrip	ption		Ref. No.	Part No.	Description		
C524	1-121-751-11	(A)330	6.3 V			RE	SISTORS		
C525	1-121-426-11	\simeq	16 V						
		O			All resistors	are in ohms. Co	ommon ¼ W carbor	n resistors are	
C526	1-121-409-11	(A)47	16 V		omitted. Ch	neck schematic d	liagram for values.		
⇒ C527	1-121-409-11	(A) 47	16 V						
		•			R5	1-210-853-11	\bigcirc 6.2 k $\pm 2\%$	¼ W carbon	
C611,612	1-106-015-11	A)0.0039		mylar	R7	1-210-850-11	(\bar{A}) 300 $\pm 2\%$	¼ W carbon	
C621	1-121-392-11	(A) 3.3	25 V		R11, 12	1-210-855-11	(A) 33 k $\pm 2\%$	¼ W carbon	
C661,662	1-102-074-11	$\bar{\mathbf{A}}$ 0.001		ceramic	R13	1-210-852-11	(A) 5.6 k $\pm 2\%$	¼ W carbon	
C663	1-101-445-11	A0.001		ceramic	R119, 219	1-224-252-XX	C10 k, adjustabl	ie	
C701	1-106-001-12	(A) 0.001		mylar	R125, 225	1-224-600-00	F)20 k, variable,	REC LEVEL	_
C702	1-108-573-12	(A) 0.0056		mylar	R145	1-210-853-11	(A) 6.2 k $\pm 2\%$	¼ W carbon	
C703	1-121-471-11	A 10	16 V		R151, 251	1-224-252-XX	©10 k, adjustabl	le	
⇒ C704	1-121-409-11	A 47	16 V						
C705	1-106-047-11	B 0.082		mylar	R312, 412		D20 k, variable,		LEVEL
					R321, 421		B 1 k, adjustable		
C706	1-106-017-11	\sim		mylar	R325, 425	1-224-250-XX	©2.2 k, adjustab	le	
C707	1-108-240-11	\sim		mylar					
C708	1-161-180-11	(A) 0.0039		ceramic	R644		C100 k, adjustab		
			(bou	ndary layer)	R671	1-224-574-00	(E) 10 k, variable,	SPEED TUN	ING
C709	1-106-001-11	\sim		mylar					
C710	1-106-047-11	(B)0.082		mylar	R707	1-212-632-11	\sim	¼ W metal-o	xide
					R708		©22 k, adjustable		
C711	1-106-001-11	\sim		mylar	R739	1-212-353-11	(A)0.27	1 W metal-o	xide
C712	1-106-029-11	$\stackrel{\smile}{\sim}$		mylar					
C713	1-131-212-11	\sim	35 V	tantalum		SW	ITCHES		
C714	1-106-039-11	\sim		mylar					
C715	1-106-009-11	(A) 0.0022		mylar	S1		B Lever Slide, MI		
		O			S2		B Lever Slide, FI		
⇒ C716	1-121-409-11	\sim	16 V		S3		E Rotary Slide, E		
C717	1-121-402-11	\sim	10 V		S4		B Lever Slide, LI		
C718	1-121-751-11	$\overline{\mathcal{L}}$	6.3 V		S5	1-516-686-00	(C)Lever Slide, tin	ning	
C719	1-121-395-11	\sim	25 V				O t		
C720,721	1-121-471-11	(A) 10	16 V		S6		B Lever Slide, DO		0.00
0500		\bigcirc	50.17		S7		E Rotary Slide, M		OD.5
C722	1-121-391-11	\sim	50 V		S8		B Slide, REC MC		
C723	1-121-726-11	\sim	50 V		S9		E Pushbutton, B		
C724	1-121-471-11	_	16 V		S10	1-516-041-00	ERotary Slide, E	31AS	
C725	1-123-071-11	TO SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF	16 V					.0140.014.446	
C726	1-121-392-11	A) 3.3	25 V		S11		E Pushbutton, M		ıH Ł
OT2 41 =	1 141 020 373	(О Т :	_		S12		BSlide, PEAK H		
C1315,415	1-141-069-XX	RILIMME	ī		S101, 201		H) Slide, record/p		
					S701 ∼703	1-516-853-XX	CLeaf PAUSE, for		
					6704		forward/rewir		
					S704		Included in	1/07	

 $[\]Rightarrow$: Due to replacement parts, the values are different from the diagrams.

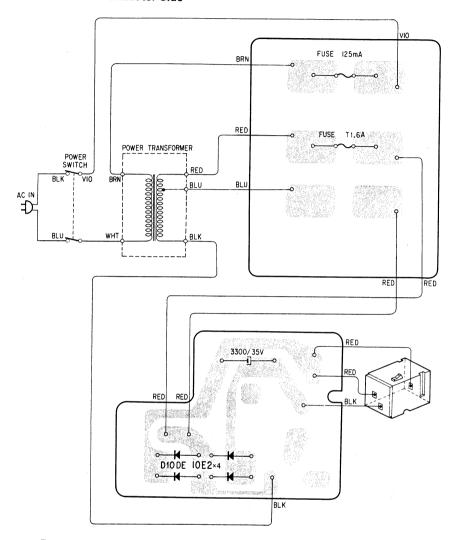
Note: The components identified by shading are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Note: Circled letters (A to Z) are applicable to European models only.

Ref. No. Part No. Description		
Ref. No. Turi No. Description	ACCESSORIES	S & PACKING MATERIALS
JACKS	ACCESSORIES	a racking materials
J101, 201 1-507-477-XX (C)MIC	Part No.	Description
J601 1-507-477-XX CHEADPHONES	X-3701-018-3	(A) Time A who had a large in
J602 1-507-447-XX BDC IN 12 V	A-3/01-018-3	ATips Ass'y, head cleaning
J701 1-508-743-00 BConnector, female CNJ101,201	1-534-049-31	DCord, connection; RK-74
CNJ102,202) 1-507-378-XX (B)Phono, 2-p; LINE IN, LINE OUT	3-533-950-00	(I) Shoulder Strap
P701 1-508-742-00 (B)Connector, male	3-533-962-00	©Bag, plastic; set
<u> </u>	3-547-213-00	DCase, ac adaptor (AC-20)
MISCELLANEOUS	3-547-214-00	(C)Cushion
	3-547-219-00	(E)Carton
EH 8-825-506-00 DHead, erase; EF135-36 M1 8-834-410-01 (V)Motor, D-410F	3-770-019-11	Manual, instruction
M2 8-834-015-01 (J) Motor, DNM-1202A	3-793-749-00	BCard, DOLBY
ME101 1-520-233-31 (H)PEAK METER-L	3-793-828-11	(A) Card, caution; cassette
ME201 1-520-233-41 (H)PEAK METER-R		
	•	
PL1 ~4 1-518-115-XX (B) Lamp, pilot; 6 V 35 mA		
PM 1-454-153-00 GSolenoid		
RPH101,201 8-825-579-00 N Head, record/playback;		
PF145-3602		
SP 1-502-541-00 G Speaker, 16 Ω		

AC POWER ADAPTOR AC-20

1. MOUNTING DIAGRAM - Conductor Side -

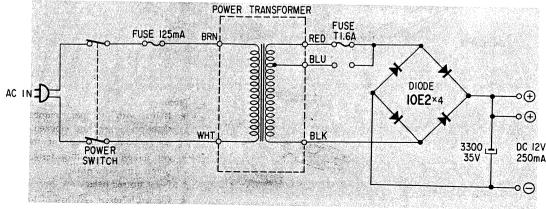


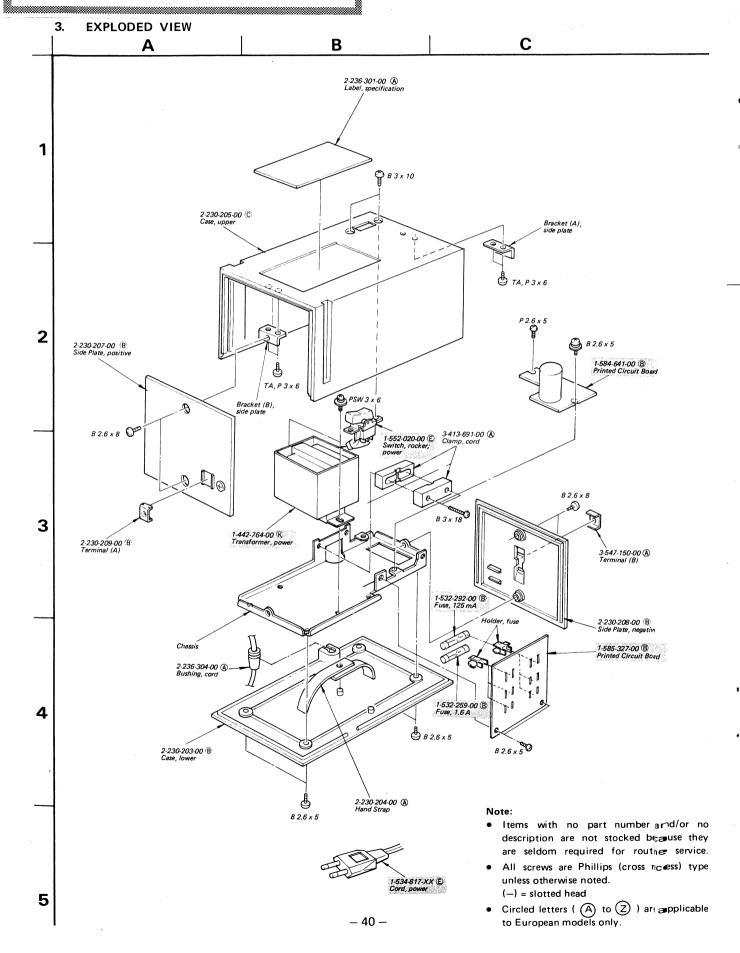
D801~804: SIB01-02 Replacement Semiconductor





2. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM





Note: Circled letters (A to Z) are applicable to European models only.

4. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Part No. Description